

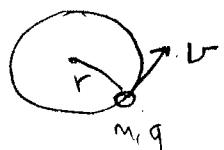
Kvantfysikens principer

2010-11-18

Inlämningsuppg 1 : hel. 2/12

Magnetism : Feynman 34-35
(gör längre än vi gör)

Klassisk fysik: (F A-3)



$$I = q \frac{v}{2\pi r}$$

$$\text{area} = \pi r^2$$

$$\text{Magnetiskt moment } \mu = IA = \frac{qv}{2\pi r} \pi r^2 = \frac{qvr}{2}$$

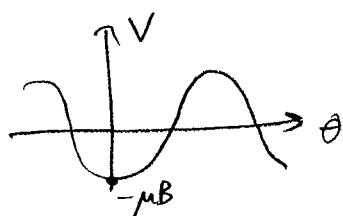
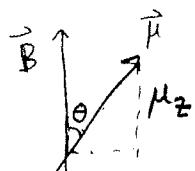
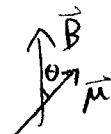
$L = \mu vr$ rörelseleemängdmoment

$$\text{Notera: } \mu = \left(\frac{q}{2m}\right) L \quad \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \text{beror inte på} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ v \text{ eller } r \end{matrix}$$

Magnetiskt moment: lister kompassnål



Kapandiet: $V = -\vec{\mu} \cdot \vec{B} = -\mu B \cos \theta$

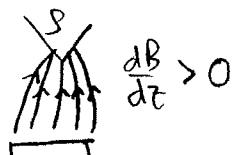


$$V = -\mu_z B$$

om B oberoende av z :
ingen kraft

$$\frac{dV}{dz} = -\mu_z \frac{dB}{dz}$$

\therefore bygg



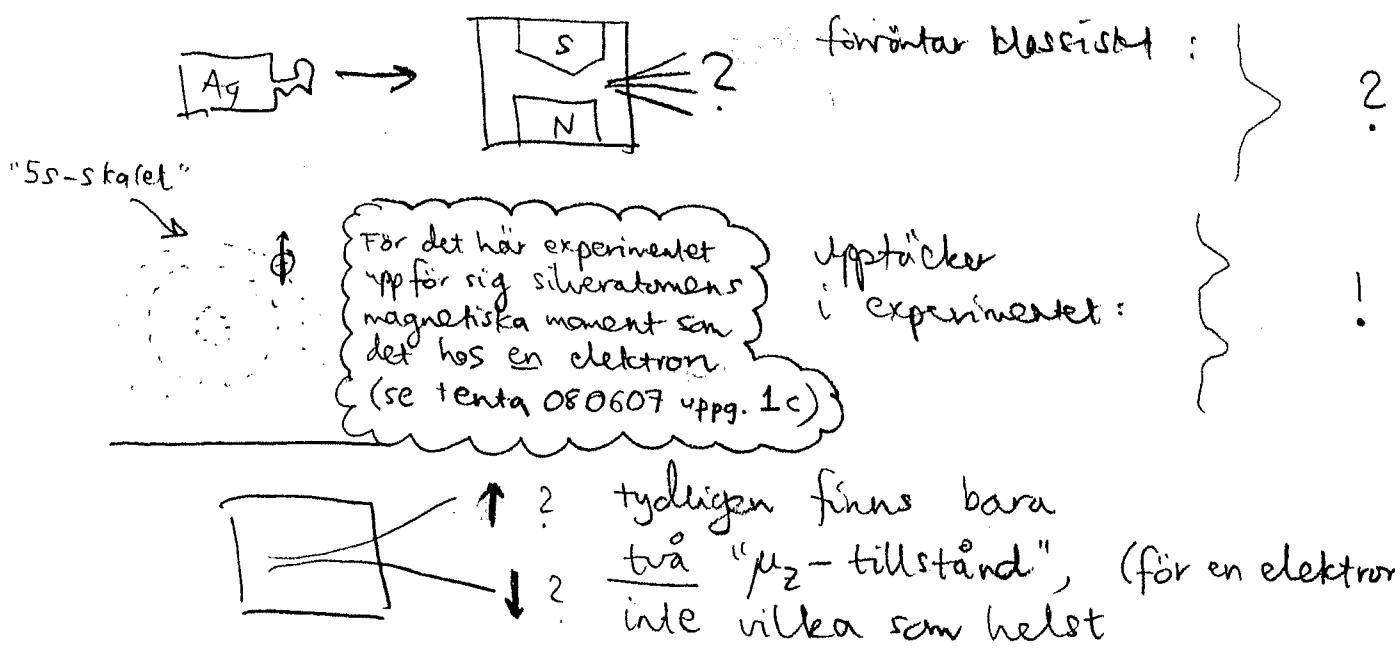
$$F = -\frac{dV}{dz} \Rightarrow$$

$$F = +\mu_z \frac{dB}{dz}$$

(jordens geografiska
nordpol = S!)

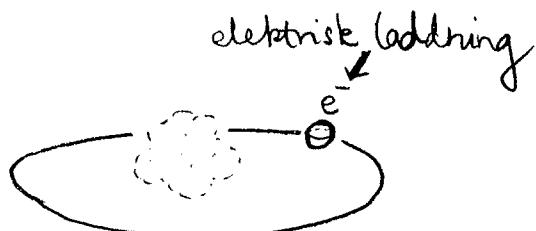
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Stern-Gerlach 1922

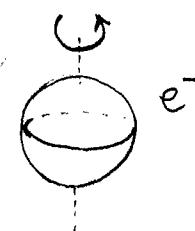


Kvantfysikens principer

Klassiska bilder (att kritisera) :



atmosphärn



elektronspinn

Elektronspinn: $L \propto m\sqrt{r}$

$$\mu \propto \frac{q}{m} L$$

$$\mu \propto \frac{q}{m} \cdot mvr = qvr$$

$$v \propto \frac{\mu}{qr}$$

$$m_e \approx 9 \cdot 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$

$$q \approx 2 \cdot 10^{-19} C$$

$$\mu \approx 9 \cdot 10^{-24} \text{ J/T} \leftarrow \text{tex. från S-G-exp. !}$$

$$\Rightarrow v \geq 6 \cdot 10^9 \text{ m/s} > c \text{ (ljus hastigheten)}$$

Tag med en nypa salt, men ändå: problem.

"eine eigentümliche, klassisch nicht beschreibbare Art von Zweideutigkeit der quantentheoretischen Eigenschaften des Lichtelektrons"

Pauli, 1925
(Nobelpriis 1945)

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